

their minimum package of child wellness services visits for the collection of adequate samples for hereditary and metabolic newborn screening and follow-up between birth and 4 weeks of age.

House Bill 1498, which was passed by the General Assembly and signed by me on May 26, 1994, accomplishes the same purpose. Therefore, it is not necessary for me to sign Senate Bill 792.

Sincerely,
William Donald Schaefer
Governor

Senate Bill No. 792

AN ACT concerning

Insurance - Postpartum Coverage - Disclosure Child Wellness Services

FOR the purpose of ~~requiring insurers and nonprofit health service plans to disclose managed care and cost control features of coverage for coverage of postpartum hospital stays and certain postpartum visits involving a health care provider; requiring insurers and nonprofit health service plans periodically to make a study and certain disclosures of certain postpartum benefits; requiring insurers and nonprofit health service plans to mail to an insured certain information at the time of the first reimbursement for a prenatal care visit; requiring the State Advisory Council on Hereditary and Congenital Disorders to prepare and make available to insurers and nonprofit health service plans certain educational materials; and generally relating to disclosure of insurance coverage and other information concerning postpartum health care~~ requiring certain health insurers and nonprofit health service plans issued or delivered in the State to include in the minimum package of child wellness services certain visits for hereditary and metabolic newborn screening and follow-up.

BY adding to

Article 48A - Insurance Code
Section 490W
Annotated Code of Maryland
(1991 Replacement Volume and 1993 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article - Health - General
Section 13-108
Annotated Code of Maryland
(1994 Replacement Volume)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article - Health - General
Section 19-716